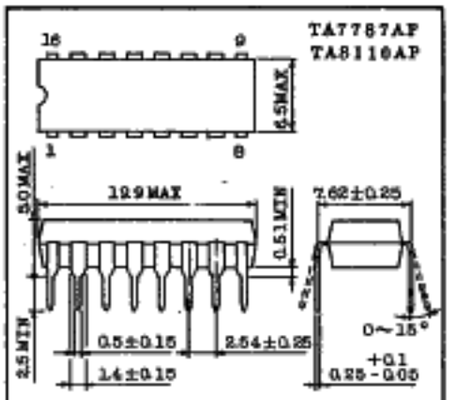
AM/FM IF SYSTEN

TA7787AP/AF, TA8110AP/AF are the AM/FM IF SYSTEM ICs which are designed for Radio Cassette Players and 3V Head Phone Radios.
TA8110AP/AF is Upper Heterodyne use and TA7787AP/AF is Lower Heterodyne use.

- AM Detector Coil and IF By-pass Condenser are not necessary.
- Common Output for AM/FM
- One Terminal Type AM Low Cut Circuit is built in.
- AM OSC Circuit with ALC is adopted.
- FM Soft Muting Circuit is built in.
- A Terminal is provided to stop the FM MPX IC VCO during AM reception and when the FM signal is too weak.
- Low Supply Current. (V_{CC}=3V, Ta=25°C)
  FM : $I_{CC(1)}$=5.3mA(Typ.)
  AM : $I_{CC(2)}$=4.8mA(Typ.)
- Operating Supply Voltage Range. (Ta=25°C)
  $V_{CC(opr)}$=1.8~8.0V (TYP: V_{CC}=3V)

Unit in mm

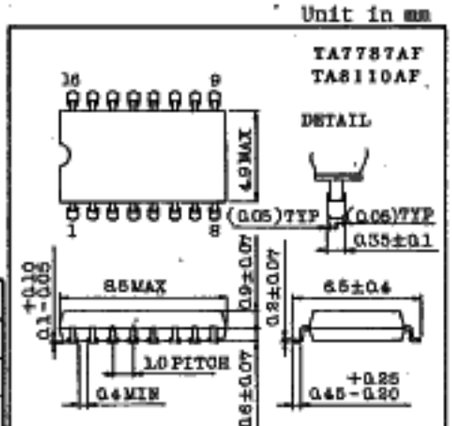


Lead pitch is 2.54 and tolerance is ±0.25 against theoretical center of each lead that is obtained on the basis of No.1 and No.16 leads.

JEDEC	—
TOSHIBA	3D16A-P

Weight : 1.00g

Unit in mm



JEDEC	—
TOSHIBA	F16GA2-P

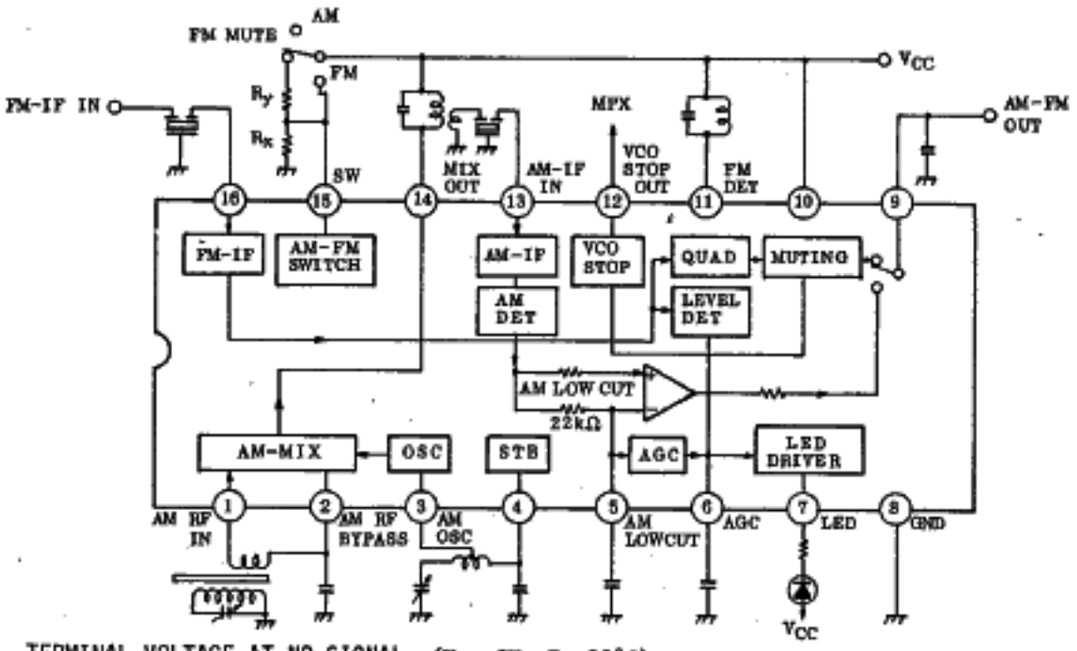
Weight : 0.14g

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage		V_{CC}	8	V
LED Current		I_{LED}	10	mA
LED Voltage		V_{LED}	10	V
Power Dissipation (Note 1)	DIP-16	P_D (Note 2)	750	mW
	MFP-16		350	
Operating Temperature		T_{opr}	-25~75	°C
Storage Temperature		T_{stg}	-55~150	°C

Note 1 : TA7787AP, TA8110AP...DIP-16,
TA7787AF, TA8110AF...MFP-16
Note 2 : Derated above Ta=25°C in the proportion of 6mW for DIP-16 and of 2.8mW for MFP-16.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



TERMINAL VOLTAGE AT NO SIGNAL (V_{CC}=3V, Ta=25°C)

PIN No.	ITEM	SYMBOL	TYPICAL VALUE		UNIT
			AM	FM	
1	(AM RF IN)	V1	1.1	1.1	V
2	(AM RF BY-PASS)	V2	1.1	1.1	V
3	(AM OSC)	V3	1.6	1.6	V
4	(STB)	V4	1.6	1.6	V
5	(AM LOW CUT)	V5	0.4	0.3	V
6	(AGC)	V6	0.4	0.35	V
7	(LED)	V7	-	-	V
8	(GND)	V8	0	0	V
9	(AM-FM OUT)	V9	1.1	1.1	V
10	(V_{CC})	V10	3.0	3.0	V
11	(FM DET)	V11	3.0	3.0	V
12	(VCO STOP OUT)	V12	-	-	V
13	(AM IF IN)	V13	1.1	1.1	V
14	(AM MIX OUT)	V14	3.0	3.0	V
15	(AM-FM SWITCH)	V15	0	-	V
16	(FM IF IN)	V16	1.1	1.1	V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C, V_{CC}=3V

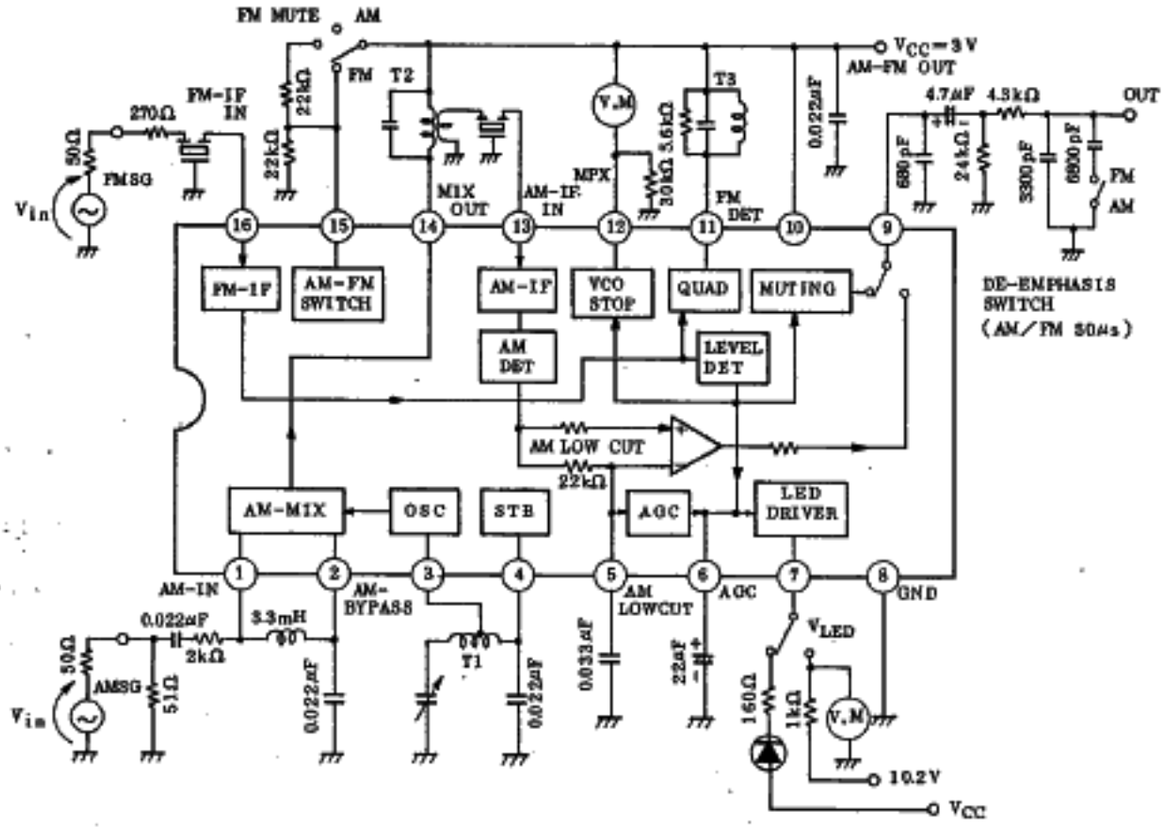
FM : f=10.7MHz, Δf=±22.5kHz, f_m=1kHz

AM : f=1MHz, Mod=30%, f_m=1kHz

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply Current		$I_{CC(1)}$	1	FM Mode V_{IN}=0	-	5.3	8.2	mA
		$I_{CC(2)}$		AM Mode V_{IN}=0	-	4.8	7.5	
FM	Input Limiting Voltage	$V_{IN(lim)}$	1	-3dB Limiting Point	-	43	49	dBμ
	Recovered Ouptut Votlage	V_{OD}	1	V_{IN}=80dBμ	55	80	110	mV_{rms}
	Signal to Noise Ratio	S/N	1	V_{IN}=80dBμ Δf=22.5kHz→0	-	68	-	dB
	Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	1	V_{IN}=80dBμ	-	0.1	-	%
	AM Rejection Ratio	AMR	1	V_{IN}=80dBμ	-	32	-	dB
	Lamp ON Sensitivity	V_L	1	I_L=1mA	37	43	49	dBμ
	VCO Stop Sensitivity	V_{stop}	1		-	45	-	dBμ
	Muting Level	MUT	1	R_x=22kΩ, R_y=22kΩ	-	33	-	dB
	7 Pin Saturation Voltage	V_{LED}	1	I_L=10mA, V_6=1.2V	-	80	200	mV
	12 Pin Saturation Voltage	V_{VCO}	1	I_{VCO}=100μA	-	40	65	mV
AM	Recovered Output Voltage	V_{OD}	1	V_{IN}=60dBμ, V_6→GND	50	75	100	mV_{rms}
	Signal to Noise Ratio	S/N	1	V_{IN}=60dBμ	-	41	-	dB
	Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	1	V_{IN}=60dBμ	-	1.0	-	%
				V_{IN}=100dBμ, Mod=80%	-	2.0	-	
	Lamp ON Sensitivity	V_L	1	I_L=1mA	-	29	35	dBμ
	Gain	G_V	1	V_{IN}=26dBμ	22	33	70	mV_{rms}
Output Resistance		R_{O9}	1	FM Mode	-	0.5	-	kΩ
				AM Mode	-	10	-	

* V_{IN} OPEN Display

TEST CIRCUIT 1

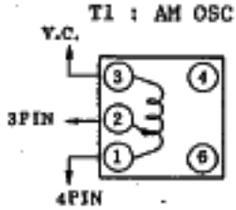


COIL DATA (TEST CIRCUIT)

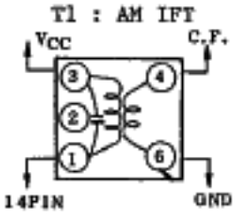
S : SUMIDA ELECTRIC Co.,Ltd.

COIL No.	f	L (μH)	C_O (pF)	Q_O	TURN 1-2	TURN 2-3	TURN 1-3	TURN 4-6	WIRE (mm)	REF. (COIL No.)
T1 AM OSC	796kHz	288		155	13	73			0.08 UEW	4147-1356-038
T2 AM IFT	455kHz		180	120			180	15	0.06 UEW	2150-2162-165
T3 FM DET	10.7MHz		47	165			16		0.09 UEW	2153-4095-122

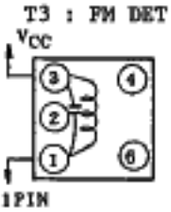
T1 : AM OSC



T1 : AM IFT



T3 : FM DET



INTERNAL CIRCUIT AND FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

1. AM OSCILLATION CIRCUIT (Fig.1)

For adopting the level control (ALC) circuit, the oscillation level is stabilized. The oscillation frequency can be made up to about 30MHz and can be applied to SW band. The relation of the oscillation voltage and the oscillation current to Q of the oscillation coil is shown in Graph 1.

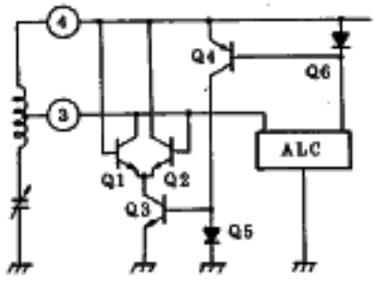


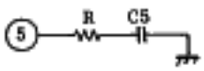
Fig.1 AM OSCILLATION CIRCUIT

2. AM LOW-CUT CIRCUIT (Fig.2)

This circuit can improve the clearness of the AM audio by decreasing the low-frequency content of the output signal during AM reception. The cut-off frequency f_L is determined by the internal resistance 22kΩ(Typ.) and the external capacitor C5 of ⑤ pin as following;

$$f_L = \frac{1}{2 \times \pi \times 22 \times 10^3 \times C5} \quad (Hz)$$

By serially connection the resistance to the capacitor C5 between ⑤ pin and GND, the detection output level of AM can be reduced.



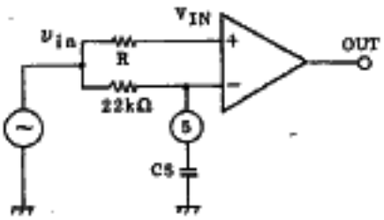
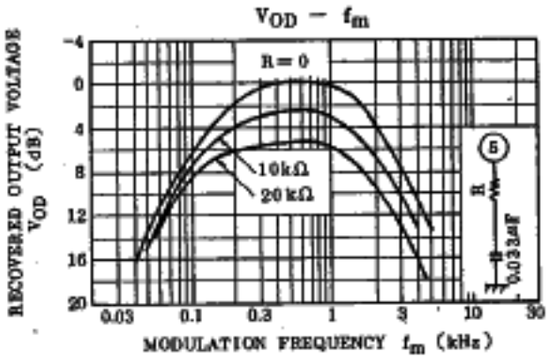


Fig.2 AM LOW CUT CIRCUIT



Graph 1 V_{OSC}, I_{OSC} − Q

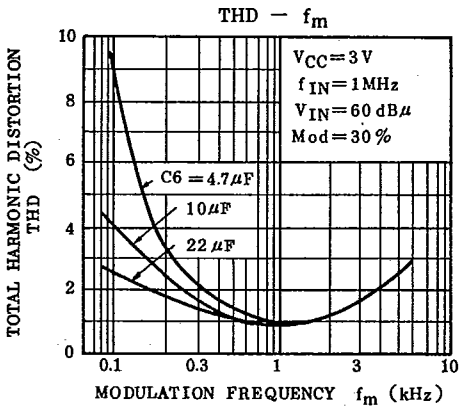
Graph 2 V_{OD} − f_m

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TA8110AP/AF

T-77-05-07

3. AGC CIRCUIT

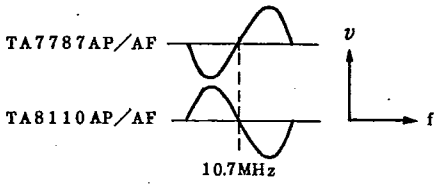
The external capacitor C6 of ⑥ pin is the smoothing capacitor for AGC. The varying condition of the capacity value of C6 and the frequency characteristics of distortion are shown in Graph 3.



4. FM IF AND DETECTION CIRCUIT

The input impedance (⑯ pin) of IF amplifier is set at 330Ω(Typ.).

S curve characteristics of FM detection output in TA7787AP/AF and TA8110AP/AF are reverse to each other, and when assembled with TA7378P (IC for FM front end with diode for AFC built-in), TA7787AP/AF becomes for the lower heterodyne use and TA8110AP/AF for the upper heterodyne use.



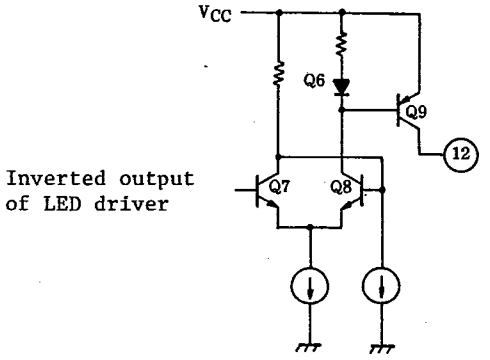


Fig.3 TERMINAL TO STOP VCO

5. FM/AM SWITCHING

FM/AM switching is made by the voltage of ⑮ pin.

V_{CC} ..... FM

$0.7V < V15 < V_{CC}$ ..... FM muting operation

0.7V or less ..... AM

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TA8110AP/AF

T-77-05-07

6. TERMINAL FOR MPX VCO STOP

By using (12) pin, VCO of MPX IC can be stopped. The output circuit is shown in Fig.3, and the connections to MPX ICs (TA7370P/F and TA7343AP/AF) are shown in Fig.4.

7. CONNECTION TO MPX IC

In case of connecting MPX IC secondarily to this IC to make the stereo function, it is conventionally necessary to switch the capacitor C9 with AM/FM in IF output. However, since the output impedance of TA7787AP/AF and TA8110AP/AF are changed over to 10kΩ in AM and 500Ω in FM, the frequency characteristics of AM/FM can easily be changed with a piece of the external capacitor C9 as shown in Fig.5.

The frequency characteristics in this state are shown in Fig.6.

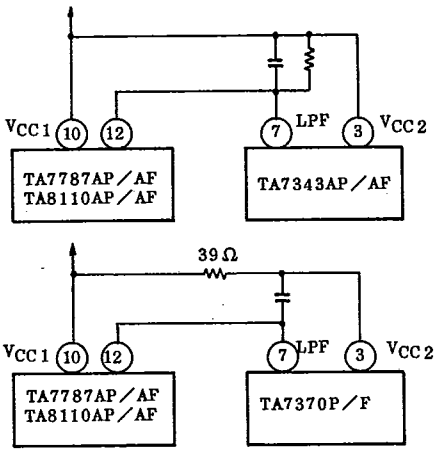


Fig.4 CONNECTION TO TA7343AP/AF AND TA7370P/F

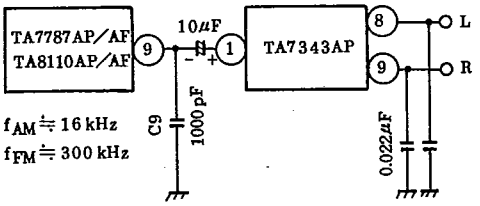


Fig.5 CONNECTION TO TA7343AP

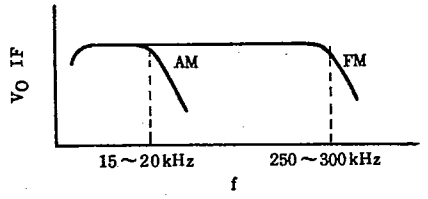
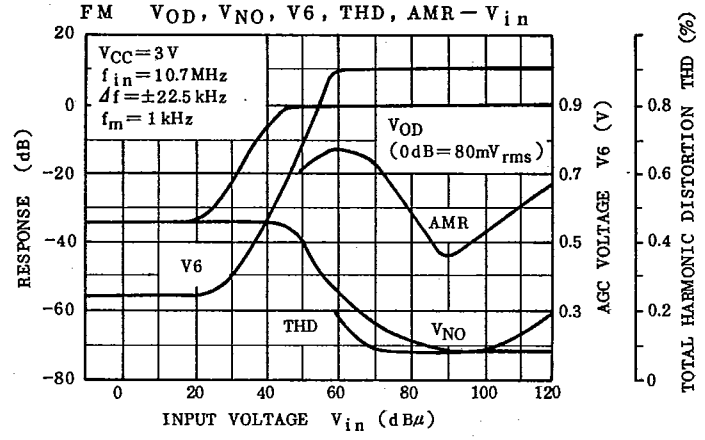


Fig.6 FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS OF DET OUTPUTS

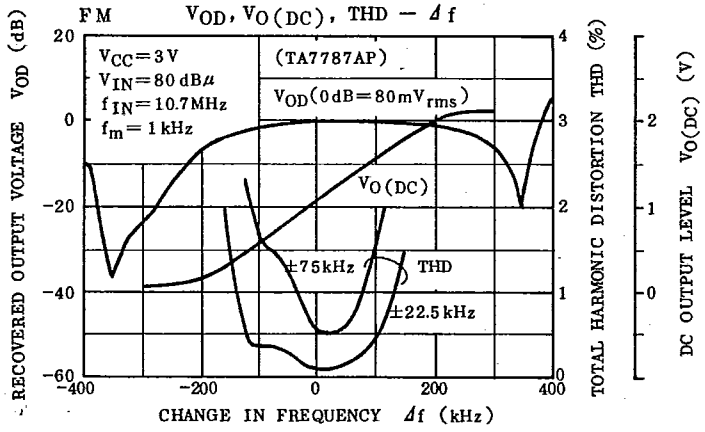
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TA8110AP/AF

T-77-05-07

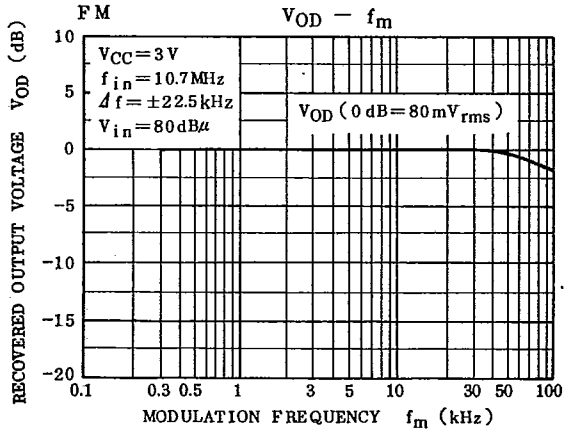
FM V_{OD}, V_{NO}, V6, THD, AMR − V_{in}



FM V_{OD}, $V_{O(DC)}$, THD − Δf



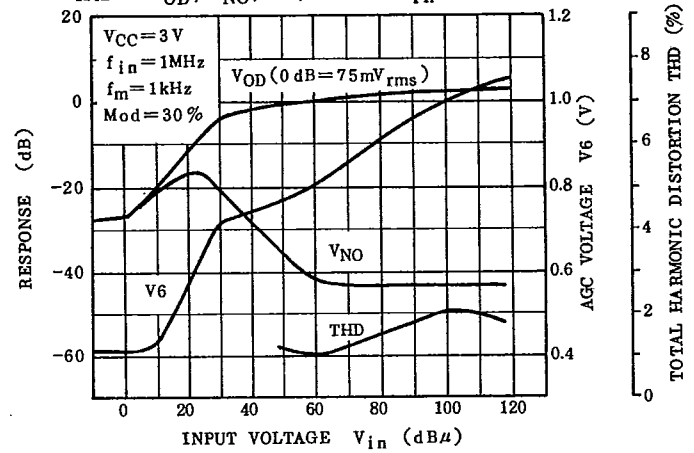
FM V_{OD} − f_m



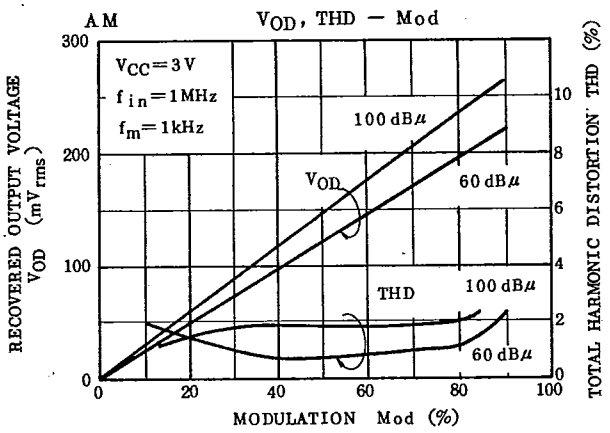
TA7787AP/AF
TA8110AP/AF

T-77-05-07

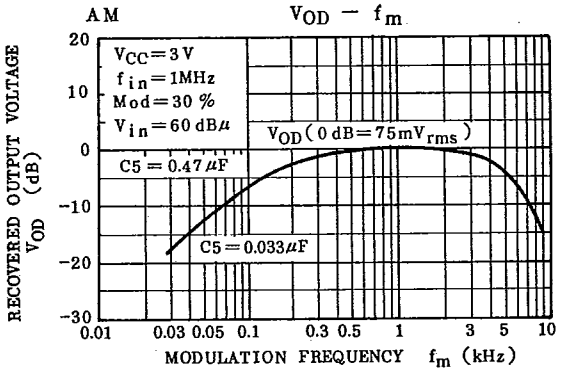
AM V_{OD}, V_{NO}, V6, THD — V_{in}



AM V_{OD}, THD — Mod



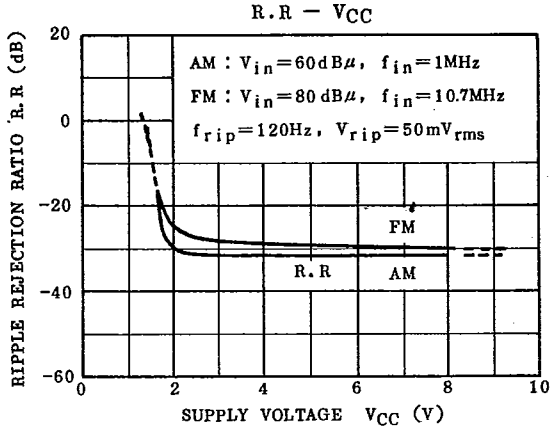
AM V_{OD} — f_m



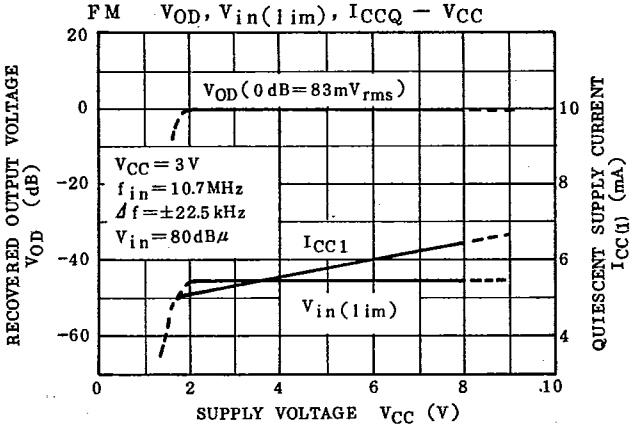
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TA8110AP/AF

T-77-05-07

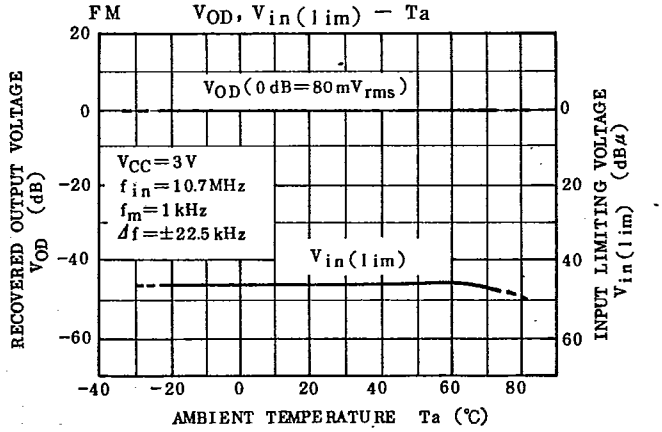
R.R – V_{CC}



FM V_{OD}, $V_{in(lim)}$, I_{CCQ} – V_{CC}



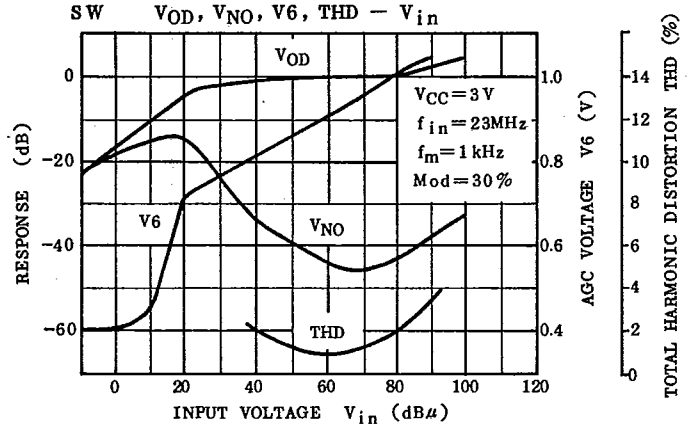
FM V_{OD}, $V_{in(lim)}$ – Ta



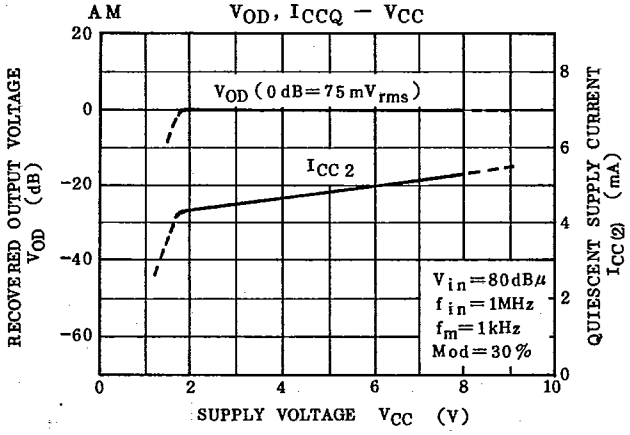
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TA8110AP/AF

T-77-05-07

SW V_{OD}, V_{NO}, V6, THD — V_{in}



AM V_{OD}, I_{CCQ} — V_{CC}



AM V_{OD} — Ta

